Serious Illness Learning Community: Summary of Key Themes

June 10, 2020



Responding to Themes from the Interviews

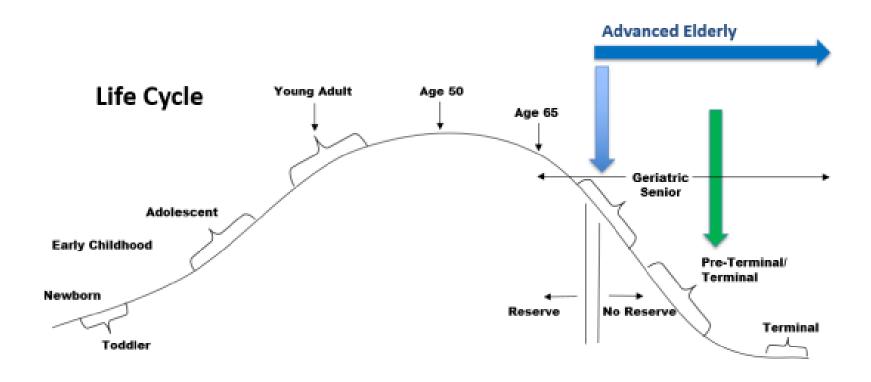
- → Finding participants at the beginning of decline
- → Timing of advance care planning and goalsof-care conversations
- Understanding burdens and needs
- → Varying staff comfort levels in "end of life conversations"
- Creative use of hospice providers



EARLY IDENTIFICATION OF THOSE IN DECLINE/TIMING /ADDRESSING NEEDS



Identifying Those on the Decline



Hoefer, Daniel, M.D.



Evidence-based Predictors

- →LACE Index risk of hospital re-admission and death based on hospital experience
- → Charlson Co-Morbidity Index risk of death based on conditions and severity
- →Walter Index risk of death based on ADLs and specific DX and labs

Clinical opinion has not been shown in the literature to be a reliable means to predict decline



Looking for Frailty

- → Loss of Strength
- → Weight Loss (unintended)
- → Low Activity Level/Increased Sleeping
- → Poor Endurance/Easily Fatigued
- → Slowed or Unsteady Gait
 - Timed Get Up and Go Test (>15s)



Increased Illness Burden and Lack of Clarity – Predictors of NEED

- Pain and other symptom distress
- Caregiver stress and burn-out
- Misunderstanding of prognosis
- Unarticulated values and goals
- Existential worry
- Disagreement within family



Key Assessments of Need

- → Symptom Burden
 - Edmonton Symptom Assessment System (ESAS-r)
- → Functional Decline
 - Karnofsky Performance Status Scale (or PPS)
- → Caregiver Burden
 - Zarit Burden Interview
- → Spiritual Distress
 - Beck Hopelessness Scale



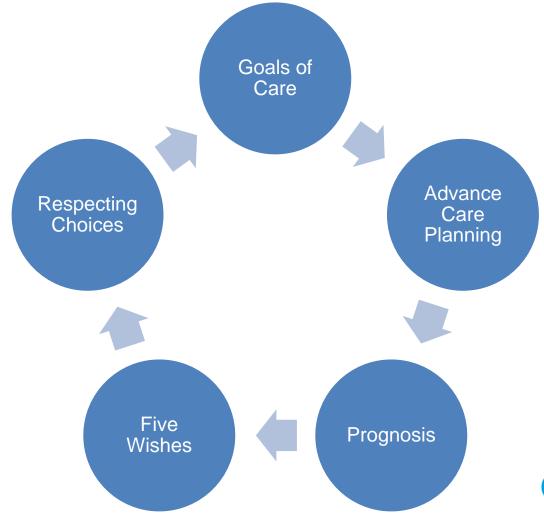
Ideas From the Interviews

- Assess and hold initial conversations during intake
 - Part of comprehensive question-and-answer process
- → Incorporate symptom distress assessment into formal 6-month re-assessment process
- → Remember to use physical therapy as a means to manage pain
 - CDC Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain, 2016

CLARIFYING GOALS-OF-CARE AND ADVANCE CARE PLANNING



What conversations are needed? When?





Try a Different Frame



- → Prognosis Understanding
- → Fears
- → Goals
- → Trade-Offs

Many professionals find this conversation easier to start, and can more naturally lead to questions around medical interventions



Speaking with Participants: Some Best Practices

- → Make sure that they know their condition(s) and what to expect from it. Do not proceed unless they do.
- → Start by finding out what is important to them at this time in their life, and if time were to run short
- → Allow for silence



Advance Directives – Health Care Decisions

- → Start with identification of a surrogate decision-maker/health care proxy
 - Upon admission is best
- → POLST/MOLST advance medical decisions
 - See VitalTalk and Compassionate Coalition of California Scripts and Videos



Communication Skills Training – CAPC Courses

- → Delivering serious news
- → Discussing prognosis ALL STAFF
- → Clarifying goals-of-care ALL STAFF
- Conducting a family meeting
- → Advance care planning conversations
- → ACP courses from Respecting Choices



Ideas from the Interviews

- → Social Work taking more responsibility for goals-of-care and advance care planning
- → MOLST/POLST conversation part of formal 6month re-assessments
- → Special palliative care team for those nearing the end-of-life
 - Completely revisit the care plan
 - Enables continuing planning conversations
 - (expert symptom management as well)



CREATIVE USE OF HOSPICE



Most Programs Prefer to Manage End-of-Life Care

- →Keep a familiar care team/minimize handoffs
- → Hospice not as able to provide extensive home health aide services
- → Hospice expense
- → Disenrollment required



However, Hospices bring certain advantages

- → Inpatient facility
 - Caregiver respite
- → Expertise with opioids
- → Family bereavement support



Ideas from the Interviews

- → Contract with Hospice(s) for inpatient care only
- Professional training arrangement with hospice
 - Medication management
 - Communication skills
- Contract with Hospices(s) for bereavement support
 - For participant family members
 - For PACE staff

